## Seminar on fighting tax evasion

Political debate on taxation and tax evasion in the US

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### Cutting taxes on the rich

The top U.S. tax bracket - the amount charged the very rich

1981 (Reagan) cut from 87% to 50%.

1986 cut to 28%,

1990 (Bush) & 1993 (Clinton) top individual rate raised to 39.6%

2001 Bush tax cut dropped top rate to 33%.

### US Corporate tax evasion

Between 1989 and 1995, nearly a third of large corporations operating in the United States, both U.S. corporations and multi-nationals, with assets of at least \$250 million or sales of at least \$50 million paid **no U.S.** income tax.

In 1995, six in ten paid less than a \$ 1 million.

In 1999, Microsoft, owned by the richest man in the world, reported \$12.3 billion U.S income and paid zero federal taxes.

### US corporate tax rates

In 1986, the corporate tax rate was reduced from 50 % to 35 %

In 1988, a representative group of large companies paid 26.5% of their profits in taxes

In 1998, 250 of the America's largest and most profitable corporations paid only 20.1%

### We pay them!!!

1996-2000 Enron U.S. profits were \$1.8 billion, but its net tax was less than zero: it got back \$381 million from the US tax authority!

Goodyear profits were \$442 million; it got back \$23 million.

Colgate-Palmolive earned \$1.6 billion, it got back \$21 million.

If big corporations paid tax of 35% of their U.S. profits, as the law requires, corporate income taxes in 2002 would have been \$308 billion instead of an estimated \$136 billion.

### They win; we lose

 Companies pay less and ordinary citizens pay more.

 During the 1950s, U.S. corporations paid 28% of federal revenues.

Now, corporations pay just 11%.

## How they do it

Tax structuring – to invent deductions

 Transfer pricing – to create higher costs and lower sales prices

 Bermuda inversions – to move corporate paper registration offshore

### Bermuda inversion

- U.S. company creates new parent corporation in tax haven like Bermuda.
- The company and foreign subsidiaries become subsidiaries of new parent.
- Entire corporation benefits from cheaper taxes and looser regulations than those in the US.
- As non-U.S. companies, they have more opportunities to avoid taxes by making deductible interest, management fees, or royalty payments to the new sheltered "foreign" parent.

# "Bermuda" companies avoid millions in taxes

- In past few years, two dozen publicly traded companies have reincorporated in Bermuda or announced they would do so.
- Stanley Works indicated in 2002 that though it paid only \$7 million U.S. tax on foreign income in 2001, the move would save at least \$25 million in U.S. taxes.
- \$36-billion Tyco reported 65% of its revenues came from the U.S., but only 29% of its "income" did. This trickery erased 71% from U.S. tax statement and virtually wiped out federal tax bill.

# Legislation proposed to end offshore tax advantages

- To ban the government from signing contracts with expatriate American companies.
- To narrow or eliminate the gap between the effective tax rates of these tax cheats and their onshore competitors.
- Bush Republicans block legislation against Bermuda inversions.

## America's leaders led offshore tax cheaters

 President Bush was on the board of Harken Energy when it set up an offshore tax evasion scheme.

 Vice-President Cheney ran Halliburton when it increased its offshore subsidiaries from 9 to at least 44.

### Senator John Kerry

- "Tyco leaves Exeter, New Hampshire -- moves its address, but leaves the workers, the buildings and the products in Exeter.... But by just taking the address to Bermuda, they take \$400 million off the tax rolls, leaving everybody else to make up the difference."
- "In the last fifteen years, we've moved from a nation of \$200 billion of offshore assets to \$5 trillion of offshore assets."
- "There are enough brass-plate companies down in Georgetown, the Cayman Islands, different places, to make anybody in America sick when they look at their own tax bill."

### Congressman Dick Gebhardt

- "If it's good enough for Tyco and Stanley Tool, why isn't it good enough for all of you? Why shouldn't you set up a mailbox in Bermuda or somewhere and avoid your federal income tax?"
- The offshore system: "It's one of the things that we need to have serious discussions about at the international level through the appropriate international institutions so we can bring it to an end."

#### **Howard Dean**

- "Big corporations should not get tax cuts because they move their headquarters to Bermuda."
- As governor of Vermont, Dean promoted a state "tax haven" for insurance companies.
- "We consider our competition to be Bermuda or the Cayman Islands.... Our goal is to overtake Bermuda as the world's largest captive domicile."
- Over 550 Vermont tax shelter insurance "captives" process over \$7.3 billion in "phantom" insurance profits.
- The other 49 states where the companies really operate lose \$1 to \$3 billion in taxes.

## Congressman Dennis Kucinich

 "If corporations shift profits offshore to avoid paying taxes, they should not be permitted to operate in the United States."

 "The decrease in corporate tax responsibility is an indication of the rise of corporate power."

### Senator John Edwards

- Close the Bermuda Loophole. American companies should not be allowed to set up virtual headquarters in foreign countries that are hardly more than mailboxes so they avoid U.S. taxes.
- Stop transfer pricing. "...remove tax benefits gained from transactions that have no genuine business purpose other than tax avoidance or evasion."
- Require corporations to publicly disclose the profits they are reporting to the tax authority and fully explain why these profits differ from profits reported on balance sheets.

### Senator Joe Lieberman

 Close "the irresponsible loophole that allows American companies to move offshore and dodge their responsibilities as taxpayers."

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